FINDING MULTI-CENTERS: USING CROWD-SOURCING TECHNOLOGIES TO IDENTIFY COMMUNITIES OF LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

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ABSTRACT
This paper presents findings from website-based analytics identifying social and geographic topic hotspots within the fields of architecture, landscape architecture, and urban design. Three crowd-sourced surveys are utilized to record thousands of user’s topic interests and pin-point locations on a global scale. Topics include projects, research, visualization, sustainability, and competitions within architecture, landscape architecture, and urban design. The surveys also identify user locations, topics of interest, day and time of contact, social sharing, and user demographics. Preliminary findings from the crowd-sourced surveys suggest that: a) the social process of making meanings through social media exchanges of knowledge facilitates multi-centered geospatial social groupings according to topical interests, b) similar social groups topical interests vary by geo-location suggesting place-based meaning formation, and c) traditional groups of planners, architects, and landscape architects share degrees of common topical interests related to competitions, projects, and research topics.